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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/647,523	08/25/2003	Naiyong Jing	56210US004	2281	
32692	7590 09/21/2004		EXAMINER		
3M INNOV PO BOX 334	ATIVE PROPERTIES	ZACHARIA,	ZACHARIA, RAMSEY E		
	MN 55133-3427	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1773		

DATE MAILED: 09/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-1		Applicat	on No.	Applicant(s)	t		
		10/647,5	23	JING ET AL.			
Of	fice Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit			
		•	Zacharia	1773			
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this commun ly	nication appears on th	e cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress		
THE MAILIN - Extensions of after SIX (6) N - If the period for If NO period for Failure to repl Any reply reco	NED STATUTORY PERIOD F NG DATE OF THIS COMMUN time may be available under the provision: MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- or reply specified above is less than thirty (or property is specified above, the maximum s y within the set or extended period for replayed by the Office later than three months term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e munication. 30) days, a reply within the sta tatutory period will apply and o y will by statute, cause the ac	vent, however, may a reply be t stutory minimum of thirty (30) da will expire SIX (6) MONTHS frou plication to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this con ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.		
Status							
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) fil						
<i>,</i> —	∑ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	·	lice under Ex parte Q	uayle, 1933 C.D. 11, -	1 33 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of							
4a) Of 5)	a(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the f the above claim(s) is/a is/a is/are allowed. b(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. c(s) is/are objected to. c(s) are subject to restrict.	are withdrawn from c					
Application Pa	pers		•				
10)⊠ The d Applic Repla	pecification is objected to by the rawing(s) filed on 25 August 2 ant may not request that any objectment drawing sheet(s) including ath or declaration is objected to	$\frac{2003}{1000}$ is/are: a) \square acception to the drawing(s) and the correction is required.	be held in abeyance. Sired if the drawing(s) is c	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CF	R 1.121(d).		
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notice of Dr. 3) Information	ferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o /Mail Date <u>7/7/2004</u> .		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:		-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Specification

2. The Applicant is requested to update the cross reference information in the first paragraph of the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This is a new matter rejection. While there is support in the disclosure for the fluoropolymer to be bonded to the substrate, no explicit support for the limitation that the fluoropolymer shares at least one covalent bond with the substrate could be found in the disclosure as originally filed. Moreover, the "support" cited on page 5 of the response filed 07 July 2004 does not conclusively demonstrate that the invention as claimed would necessarily and

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inherently possess at least one covalent bond between the fluoropolymer and substrate. The presence or absence of such a covalent bond would appear to be a function of the particular fluoropolymer, substrate, light-absorbing compound, and electron donor used. It does not appear that a covalent bond will be present between any fluoropolymer and any substrate provided that any light-absorbing compound and any electron donor are interposed between the fluoropolymer and the substrate. This position is further supported by at least claim 15 which recites metal as a suitable substrate; one of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that a covalent bond will not form between a fluoropolymer and a metal substrate.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This is a new matter rejection. No support could be found in the disclosure as originally filed for the limitation that the fluoropolymer surface is "substantially free of fluorosurfactant." The courts have held that the addition of a negative limitation which did not appear in the disclosure as originally filed introduces a new concept and violates the description requirement of 35 U.S.C. 112. Ex parte Grasselli 231 USPQ 393.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Stoeppelmann (U.S. Patent 5,869,157).

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Stoeppelmann teaches an article comprising a fluoropolymer layer, a polyamide layer, and a layer of an adhesion promoter (column 2, lines 33-50). The adhesion promoter comprises a polyamide and a diamine that may be a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic diamine (column 2, lines 53-65). The diamine corresponds to the electron donor of the instant claims. The polyamide corresponds to the light-absorbing compound since it is capable of absorbing at least some light and the claims do not require a degree of absorption or wavelength(s) at which the absorption occurs.

Therefore, Stoeppelmann teaches all the limitations of claim 18 except for the exposing the adhesion promoter to actinic radiation. However, this is a product-by-process type of limitation.

The determination of patentability for a product-by-process claim is based on the product itself and not on the method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. Thus, when the prior art discloses a product which reasonably appears to be either identical with or only slightly different than a product claim in a product-by-process claim, the burden is on the applicant to present evidence from which the examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. See MPEP § 2113. In this case, since the composition of the adhesion promoter reads on that of instant claim 18 (a combination of an electron donor and a light-absorbing compound), and it performs the same function (improving adhesion), the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that the product of claim 18 differs from that of the prior art.

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Moreover, the limitation that the substrate is "suitable for bonding directly to a polymeric substrate" is an intended use of the substrate. It has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed product is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed product from a prior art product satisfying the claimed structural limitations. *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 and 19 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

With respect to the rejection of claim 18 over Stoeppelmann, the applicants argue that the reference does not teach or suggest a fluoropolymer substrate that is suitable for bonding directly to a polymeric substrate. However, this limitation is merely an intended use of the substrate and it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed product is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed product from a prior art product satisfying the claimed structural limitations.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ramsey Zacharia whose telephone number is (571) 272-1518. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Jones, can be reached on (571) 272-1535. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Ramsey Zacharia Tech Center 1700

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